Full Title of Your Paper in Bold

Your Name

Department of Nursing, Queensborough Community College

NU 201: Course Title

Professor Name

May 1, 2022

# Abstract

The abstract is a brief summary of your research paper, including your main research question, key points, findings, and conclusions. It should be one single paragraph, double spaced, and not indented. Abstracts should be no longer than 250 words. The abstract is usually written last, after the full paper draft is developed. For more on APA style abstracts, see the online resources at [Purdue OWL here](https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/apa_formatting_and_style_guide/general_format.html) and the [APA Style abstract and keywords guide here](https://apastyle.apa.org/instructional-aids/abstract-keywords-guide.pdf).

*Keywords:*

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Your introduction paragraph starts here. Use the Evidence-Based Writing Assignment directions in your nursing manual to research, organize, and write your paper. Tutors recommend that you use the section labeled “Utilize the following format” to create an outline before writing. Notice that there are specific directions for the introduction, body paragraphs, and conclusion. Follow these directions closely as you research and write about your specific topic.

When you start each new paragraph, **indent** by pressing the TAB button one time. Start each body paragraph with a **topic sentence** so it is clear what your focus in that paragraph is. Then support your points with research and discussion. Your directions state that the final paper text, from introduction to conclusion, should be 4-5 pages long.

Information from *all* sources needs to be properly cited, even when it is summarized or paraphrased in your own words. Notice that in APA style, quotes are rarely used. Instead, paraphrase and cite your research using the suggestions in the “In-text Citations” section on the [APA Style instructional aids site here](https://apastyle.apa.org/instructional-aids/handouts-guides) and Purdue OWL’s APA [in-text citations page here](https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research_and_citation/apa_style/apa_formatting_and_style_guide/in_text_citations_the_basics.html).

There are two main ways to cite research. One is by using a **parenthetical citation** at the end of a sentence (Author, Year, page). An example is (Jones, 2021, p. 209). When using the author as part of the sentence, that is called a **narrative citation**. According to Jones (2021), is one way a narrative citation might look. Smith et al. (2020) is an example of a narrative citation with three or more authors. The links above can provide more examples and guidance for proper in-text citations.

An excellent overall source for information on formatting your paper is the [QCC Library Guide for APA 7th](https://qcc.libguides.com/ld.php?content_id=52679854). Additionally, the APA Style website offers a free interactive [APA style tutorial here](https://extras.apa.org/apastyle/basics-7e/?_ga=2.76831761.543311357.1614431587-1718584828.1610213118#/).

# References

Author, A. (2020). Title of article. *Journal Title, 1*(3), 203-240. https://doi.org/XXXX

Bones, O.A., & Fan, J. (2019). *A fascinating book: Everything you want to know about everything.* Publisher.

**Tutor tips:**

1. References should be arranged in **alphabetical order** by first author’s last name.
2. Use **hanging indent** format for the entries, so the second and third lines are indented.
3. Different types of sources (journal articles, books, websites, tweets, etc.) are formatted differently. Check a reliable APA guide for models and examples of how to format each type of entry.
4. Online reference generators can be helpful, but they are not perfect. *Always double check* the formatting against official examples/models for that type of source.